

Substrate Preparation for Ultrafast Vibrational Spectroscopy Experiments

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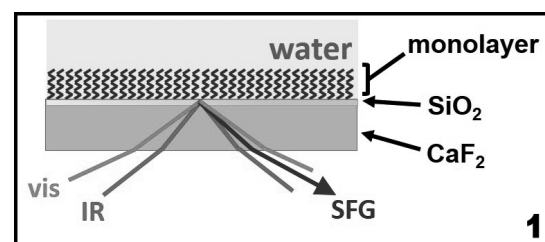
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Primary CNF Tools Used: Oxford ALD FlexAL

Abstract:

Water is ubiquitous and an active component in many natural and technological processes. Vibrational spectroscopy can be used to probe the structure and dynamics of water in a variety of environments. We use sum-frequency generation, a surface specific vibrational spectroscopy, to probe the structure and dynamics of interfacial water at chemically tunable surfaces. Interfaces with tunable surface character are created with self-assembled monolayers. In order to create substrates compatible for both silane self-assembly and sum-frequency generation, infrared and visible transparent CaF_2 windows are coated with SiO_2 . Then after surface functionalization with silane monolayers, the water structure and dynamics at the interfaces can be explored with sum-frequency generation.



Once the SiO_2 is deposited, hydrophobic, hydrophilic, or mixed monolayer are synthesized with self-assembly of silanes on the surface. Figure 1 shows a schematic of the surface in contact with water. Then, the surfaces and water at the surfaces are analyzed with SFG [2-5].

Summary of Research:

Water is an active component in many natural and technological processes [1]. Interfaces terminates the H-bonded network of water. We aim to study the structure and dynamics of water at self-assembled monolayers (SAMs) with varying surface character using sum-frequency generation (SFG) spectroscopy. In SFG, an infrared photon interacts with a dipole transition of the molecule and a visible photon excites the molecule to a virtual electronic state where it can undergo an anti-Stokes Raman transition resulting in a photon at the sum of the two incident frequencies being emitted [2,3]. In order to collect SFG spectra of solid-aqueous interfaces, we must probe through the window so the infrared photons are not absorbed by water. However, silica, a common SAMs substrate, also absorbs in the infrared.

To create an infrared and visible transparent substrate compatible with SAMs syntheses, we start with a CaF_2 window, which is transparent through the visible and infrared. Then approximately 10 nm of SiO_2 is deposited on the CaF_2 window via atomic layer deposition (ALD) with the Oxford ALD FlexAL. The SiO_2 layer is thin enough to not absorb all the IR photons and prevent SFG spectra of the sample from being collected, but thick enough to form a surface compatible with the self-assembly of silanes.

Once the SiO_2 is deposited, hydrophobic, hydrophilic, or mixed monolayer are synthesized with self-assembly of silanes on the surface. Figure 1 shows a schematic of the surface in contact with water. Then, the surfaces and water at the surfaces are analyzed with SFG [2-5].

References:

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